

$$\textcircled{1} S(t) = 3t^3 - 2t^2 + 4t \quad (\text{m})$$

$$v(t) = S'(t) = (3t^3 - 2t^2 + 4t)' =$$
$$= 9t^2 - 4t + 4$$

$$v(1) = 9 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot 1 + 4 = 9 \quad \text{m/s}$$

$$\text{Ans: } \underline{\underline{9 \text{ m/s}}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \vec{a} = (n; 6; -3); \quad \vec{b} = (-2; m; 1)$$

$$\frac{n}{-2} = \frac{6}{m} = \frac{-3}{1} = -3$$

$$\frac{n}{-2} = -3 \Rightarrow n = 6$$

$$\frac{6}{m} = -3 \Rightarrow -3m = 6 \Rightarrow m = -2$$

$$\text{Ans: } \underline{\underline{n=6, m=-2}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \int (7x^2 + x^3) dx = 7 \int x^2 dx + \int x^3 dx =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{7x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + C}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} f(x) = (x^2 - 2) \cdot \sin x$$

$$f'(x) = (x^2 - 2)' \sin x + (x^2 - 2) (\sin x)' =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2x \cdot \sin x + (x^2 - 2) \cos x}}$$

⑤ $A(3; 1); B(4; 2)$

$$\frac{x - x_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{y - y_1}{y_2 - y_1}$$

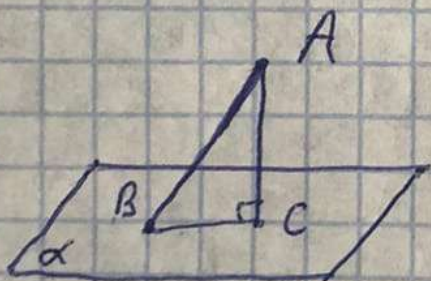
$$\frac{x - 3}{4 - 3} = \frac{y - 1}{2 - 1}$$

$$x - 3 = y - 1$$

$$y = x - 2$$

Ans: $y = x - 2$

⑥



$$AC = 12;$$

$$AB = 13$$

$$BC = ?$$

$$BC = \sqrt{AB^2 - AC^2} = \sqrt{169 - 144} =$$
$$= \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ cm}$$

Ans: 5 cm

$$\textcircled{7} f(x) = -3 \cot 4x, \quad x_0 = \frac{\pi}{8}$$

$$f'(x) = (-3 \cot 4x)' \cdot (4x)' = -3 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{\sin^2 4x} \right) \cdot 4 =$$

$$= \frac{12}{\sin^2(4x)}$$

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{12}{\sin^2\left(\frac{4\pi}{8}\right)} = \frac{12}{\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} = \frac{12}{1} = \textcircled{12}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^4 - x^3 + 2x}{x^4 - 3x + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{5x^4}{x^4} - \frac{(x^3)^{10}}{x^4} + \frac{(2x)^{10}}{x^4}}{\frac{x^4}{x^4} - \frac{(3x)^{10}}{x^4} + \frac{1}{x^4}} =$$

$$= \frac{5}{1} = \textcircled{5}$$

$$\textcircled{9} f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x, \quad x_0 = 3$$

$$y_k(x) = f(x_0) + f'(x_0)(x - x_0)$$

$$f(x_0) = 3^3 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot 3 = 54 - 9 = 45$$

$$f'(x) = (2x^3 - 3x)' = 6x^2 - 3$$

$$f'(x_0) = 6 \cdot 3^2 - 3 = 54 - 3 = 51$$

$$y_k(x) = 45 + 51(x - 3) = 45 + 51x - 153 =$$

$$= 51x - 108$$

$$\text{Ans; } \underline{y_k(x) = 51x - 108}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad \vec{m} = 3\vec{a} - \vec{b}$$

$$\vec{a} = (-3; 2; 0); \quad \vec{b} = (1; -3; 2)$$

$$\vec{m} = 3\vec{a} - \vec{b}$$

$$3\vec{a} = (-3 \cdot 3; 2 \cdot 3; 0 \cdot 3) = (-9; 6; 0)$$

$$\vec{m} = (-9 - 1; 6 + 3; 0 - 2) =$$

$$= (-10; 9; -2)$$

$$\text{Omb: } \underline{\vec{m} = \{-10; 9; -2\}}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \int \cos^3 x \sin x \, dx = \int \cos^3 x \cdot \sin x \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{\sin x}\right) d(\cos x)$$

$$= -\int \cos^3 x \, d(\cos x) = -\frac{\cos^4 x}{4} + C$$

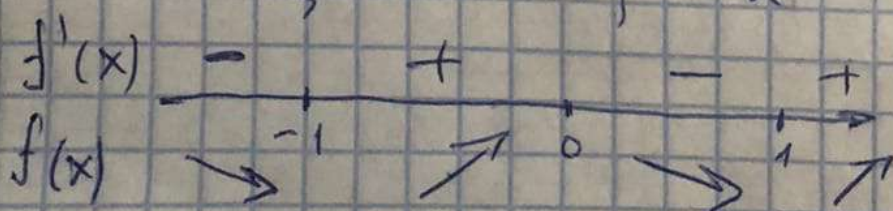
$$\textcircled{12} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$f'(x) = x^3 - x$$

Точки экстремума: $f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x^3 - x = 0$

$$x(x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$x = 0, \quad x = 1; \quad x = -1$$



$$f(-1) = \frac{1}{4}(-1)^4 - \frac{1}{2}(-1)^2 + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{8} = -\frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = -\frac{1}{8} - \text{min}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{1}{8} - \text{max}$$

$$f(1) = -\frac{1}{8} - \text{min}$$

$x = 1, -1$ — точка min функции

$x = 0$ — точка max функции

$(-\infty; -1) \cup (0; 1)$ — функция убывает

$(-1; 0) \cup (1; +\infty)$ — функция возрастает

13) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2-10x+9}$

$$x^2 - 10x + 9 = 0; \quad D = 100 - 36 = 64; \quad \sqrt{D} = 8$$

$$x_1 = \frac{10+8}{2} = 9; \quad x_2 = \frac{10-8}{2} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2-10x+9} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(x-9)(x-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{x-9} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{1-9} = \left(-\frac{1}{8} \right)$$

(14)

$$v_1 = t + 1 \text{ m/c}$$

$$v_2 = t^3 - 3t \text{ m/c}$$

$$t = 6 \text{ c}$$



$$v(t) = s'(t) \Rightarrow s(t) = \int_0^t v(t) dt$$

$$s_1(t) = \int_0^6 (t+1) dt = \left. \frac{t^2}{2} + t \right|_0^6$$

$$s_2(t) = \int_0^6 (t^3 - 3t) dt = \left. \frac{t^4}{4} - \frac{3t^2}{2} \right|_0^6$$

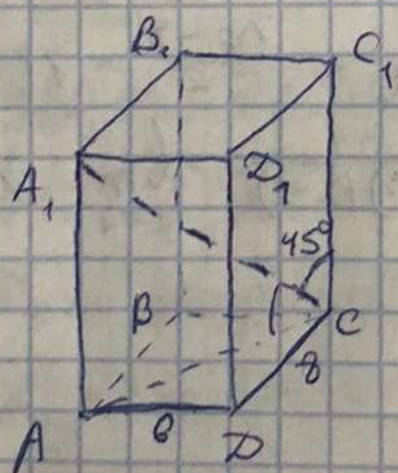
$$s_1(6) = \frac{6^2}{2} + 6 = 18 + 6 = 24 \text{ m}$$

$$s_2(6) = \frac{6^4}{4} - \frac{3 \cdot 6^2}{2} = 324 - 54 = 270 \text{ m}$$

$$270 - 24 = 246 \text{ m}$$

Ans: 246 m

(15)



$$AD = 6, DC = 8$$

A_1C - diagonal

$$\angle A_1CC_1 = 45^\circ$$

$V = ?$

$\triangle AA_1C_1C$:

$$\angle A_1CC_1 = 45^\circ \Rightarrow \angle A_1CA = 45^\circ$$

$$\angle CA_1A = \angle A_1CC_1 = 45^\circ \Rightarrow A_1A = AC$$

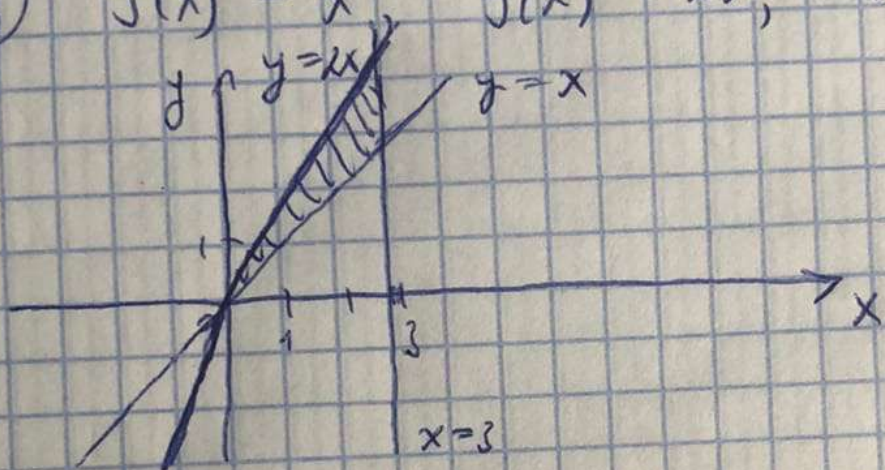
$$AC = \sqrt{AD^2 + DC^2} = \sqrt{36 + 64} = 10 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow AA_1 = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = AA_1 \cdot AD \cdot DC = 10 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 = 480 \text{ cm}^3$$

Qmb: $V = 480 \text{ cm}^3$

(16) $f(x) = x$, $f(x) = 2x$, $x=3$



$$S = \int_0^3 2x dx - \int_0^3 x dx = \int_0^3 x dx =$$
$$= \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^3 = \frac{9}{2} = 4,5 \text{ (кв. ед.)}$$

Qmb: $4,5 \text{ (кв. ед.)}$