

$$\sqrt[2]{4}$$

$$\log_5 x = 2 \log_5 3 + 4 \log_5 2$$

$$\log_5 x = \log_5 9 + 4 \log_5 2$$

$$\log_5 x = \log_5 9 + 2 \log_5 4$$

$$\log_5 x = \log_5 9 + \log_5 16$$

$$\log_5 x = \log_5 (9 \cdot 16) = \log_5 36$$

$$x = 36$$

$$\sqrt{5}$$

$$\log_5 (x^2 - 4x + 3)$$

$$\log_5 (x-3)(x-1)$$

$$D = 16 \pm -12 = 4 = 2^2$$
$$\frac{4 \pm 2}{2} = \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$a) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 2}$$

$$2^{-1(\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 2^6)}$$

$$2^{-\frac{1 \cdot 6}{-1} \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 2^6} = 2^6 = 64$$

$$d) \log_2 12 - \log_2 15 + \log_2 20$$

$$\log_2 \frac{12 \cdot 20}{15}$$

$$\log_2 16$$

$$\frac{12 \cdot 20}{15} = 16$$

$$\log_2 2^4$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \log_2 2$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$\text{Answer: } \frac{4}{3}$$

$$b) \frac{3 \log_5 2 - \frac{1}{2} \log_5 64}{4 \log_5 2 + \frac{1}{3} \log_5 27}$$

$$\frac{\log_5 8 - \log_5 \sqrt{64}^{(2)}}{\log_5 16 + \log_5 \sqrt[3]{27}^{(3)}}$$

$$\frac{\log_5 \frac{8}{8}}{\log_5 16 \cdot 3} = \frac{\log_5 1}{\log_5 48} = 0 \quad \text{v.k. } \log_5 1 = 0$$

$$5^{\circ} 2) \log_3 x = 3 \log_3 a - 2 \log_3 b + 6 \log_3 (a+b)$$

$$\log_3 x = \log_3 a^3 - \log_3 b^2 + \log_3 (a+b)$$

$$\log_3 x = \log_3 a^3 - \log_3 b^2 + \log_3 (a+b)$$

$$x = \frac{a^3 \cdot (a+b)}{b^2}$$

$$\log_3 x = \log_3 \frac{a^3 \cdot (a+b)}{b^2}$$

$$x = \frac{a^3 + ab^3}{b^2}$$

$$x = \frac{a^3(a+b)}{b^2}$$

5<sup>o</sup>  
3

$$x = 2a^3 b^3 c$$

$$\log x = \log \cdot \log x = 3 \log a^3 + \log b^3$$

~~log~~

$$\log_2 x = \log_2^{(7)} 128 + 3 \log_2 a + 2 \log_2 b + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 c$$